# **Born in 1945**

## **FAMOUS BIRTHS**

Rod Stewart – Bob Marley
Tom Selleck – Steve Martin
Goldie Hawn – Debbie Harry
Priscilla Presley – Helen Mirren
Bette Midler – Jacqueline Wilson
Mia Farrow – John Lithgow Martin
Shaw – Dave Lee Travis
Francesca Annis – Martin Tyler
David Starkey– Eric Clapton

# **KEY STATS**

World Population: 2.3 billion UK Population: 48.7 M

Prime Ministers: Churchill/Attlee

USA Population: 140 M Presidents: Roosevelt/Truman Average UK House Price: £620 Average Annual Salary: £214

## **DEATHS**

Anne Frank – Bela Bartok Franklin D. Roosevelt George Patton – Eric Liddell David Lloyd George – Glenn Miller Benito Mussolini– Adolf Hitler

#### **MARRIAGE**

American actor Humphrey Bogart (44) weds (his fourth time) American actress Lauren Bacall (20)

# 1984

17 August – George Orwell's political allegory Animal Farm is published.

## **FILMS**

Anchors Aweigh – Brief Encounter The Wicked Lady – Blithe Spirit The Lost Weekend

## **INVENTIONS**

Percy Spencer, while employed at Raytheon, would patent a magnetron based microwave oven.

#### **CLOTHES COUPONS**

The war coupon allowance was at its lowest in 1945 with only 3 coupons a month. One dress might require 11 coupons, while a suit could require 26.

#### **NEWS**

The Battle of the Bulge, the last major German offensive, ends on 25 January.

The last V2 rocket attack on London took place on 27th March 1945 when it hit a block of flats killing 134 of its residents.

The first SNP Member of Parliament is elected to the Parliament of the UK.

British troops liberate the Bergen-Belsen concentration camp; Richard Dimbleby reports on it for the BBC.

8 May – eight days after the suicide of Adolf Hitler, V-E Day is celebrated in the UK.

The Family Allowances Act is passed to provide payments to families with children.

July general election: Winston Churchill resigns after defeat by the Labour Party.

The atomic bomb is developed by the Manhattan Project and swiftly used in August in the bombings of Hiroshima and Nagasaki, effectively ending the war.

5 August – V-J Day is celebrated in the UK, marking the end of World War II.

16 August – in the House of Commons, Leader of the Opposition Winston Churchill speaks of an "Iron Curtain" descending.

The United Nations was officially founded on October 24.

#### **COMEDY**

The Bullfighters is the last feature film released by Laurel and Hardy in America.

When Paramount threatened to stop production of the "Road" pictures starring Bing Crosby and Bob Hope, they received 75,000 letters of protest.

Abbott and Costello dominated US film and radio.

The Marx Brothers keep audiences in stitches with *A Night in Casablanca* (filmed 1945, released 1946).

# **TELEVISION**

The BBC television service had been suspended in September 1939 at the outbreak of the Second World War and only resumed in June 1946.

#### **SPORT**

Sport was disrupted because of WWII. Marquee events like Five Nations rugby, Wimbledon, and Tour de France remained on hiatus until 1946–47.

## **MUSIC**

Vera Lynn, the Forces' Sweetheart, uplifts the nation with her "We'll Meet Again" performances.

"Rum and Coca-Cola" by The Andrews Sisters tops the Billboard charts for ten weeks.

*Yank* magazine says that Bing Crosby was "the person who had done the most for the morale of overseas servicemen".

"Sentimental Journey" is Doris Day's first number one hit.

## **RADIO**

30 April – Lord Haw-Haw records his final (audibly drunk) propaganda broadcast for Nazi German radio.

Family Favourites is the successor to the war radio show Forces Favourites.

ITMA, which stands for "It's That Man Again", is a popular BBC radio comedy show featuring comedian Tommy Handley. The show's title came from a newspaper headline about Hitler.

BBC's *Music While You Work* continues to broadcast live dance band music daily to keep factory morale up.

Gracie Fields shines in radio broadcasts and wartime shows, boosting morale.

# **MEDICINE**

Alexander Fleming jointly win the Nobel Prize in Medicine "for the discovery of penicillin and its curative effect in various infectious diseases".